

Russia: Gazprom and the Russian State (Russian Foreign Energy Policy)



Gazprom is the world's single largest producer of natural gas, long acknowledged as a state-within-a-state. In 2005 it reached a turning point in its history when the Russian government reasserted its majority stakeholder position, whilst also continuing its own push to gain control over an increasing share of Russia's energy complex overall. This timely report provides answers to questions such as: what do these movements mean for the future of the Russian energy sector? What will be the impact of state control over Gazprom on domestic and foreign shareholders? And what do these changes portend for the future of natural gas exploitation, production, distribution and the ultimate export of Russian gas to downstream consumers? And what will these changes mean to the world? Part of the Russian Foreign Energy Policy Report series.

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Energy resources as the tools of foreign policy: the case of Russia The Energy policy of Russia is contained in an Energy Strategy document, which sets out policy Russia's energy policy and a finite, depleting amount of oil and pumping more .. energy dispute began when Russian state-owned gas supplier Gazprom Foreign corporations operating in the regions hydrocarbon sector. **Vladimir Putin's most effective weapon is gas but not the poison kind** Feb 8, 2017 Those geopolitics come home to roost, like Russia's little green men, in Ukraine. who partnered with Russia's state-owned Gazprom all abandoned the We continue to pursue policies that promote energy security through **Another Big Win for Russian Pipeline Politics in - Foreign Policy** Gazprom's disruptions of natural gas and oil to Central Europe in 2006/2007 fresh concerns about Russia's foreign economic policies and the security The slow Western response has given Russian state companies time to stitch together **A limited toolbox: Explaining the constraints on - bibsys brage** Basic postulates of Russian Foreign Energy Policy from the producer through the transit states, until it reaches the consumer. In another . opinion is contrasted by assessments that Gazprom, like Russia, wants to make money, be strong **Rosneft, Gazprom and the Government: the Decision-Making** This may have a profound influence on Russian foreign policy towards Europe and the Former Soviet Union. Keywords: Energy security,

Gazprom, Russian **Russian Energy Policies Revisited - Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik** Russia: Gazprom and the Russian State (Russian Foreign Energy Policy) [Kevin Rosner] on . *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. Gazprom is the **Energy policy of Russia - Wikipedia** Feb 12, 2013 The future of Russias ability to remain a global energy supplier and the been a centerpiece of Russias domestic and foreign policy since czarist times. . majority of the energy sector under three state behemoths: Gazprom, **Geopolitics -Whither Gazprom ? The EU and Russias gas. Quentin** Jul 28, 2015 Gazprom is first and foremost a tool of Russian foreign policy, which Putin is not decreasing the cost of energy to maintain influence over Russias neighbors. Gazproms losses can be absorbed by the state through the **Russias Controversial European Gas Project Is - Foreign Policy** The Brookings Foreign Policy Studies Energy Security Series: The Russian Emerging from a state of virtual bankruptcy in August 1998, the Russias economic dependence on both oil and gas revenues is substantial and Russias gas monopoly, Gazprom, has become a pivotal player in European energy markets. **The Kremlin may have overplayed its energy policy hand - CapX** Russias capability to use energy as a foreign policy instrument. 8. 2.2 Primary energy consumption in EU member states (2005 %). 75. Appendix 12 . Gazproms gas output in 2013 will reach 565 billion cubic meters, up 3% as compared **Oil, carrots, and sticks: Russias energy resources as a foreign policy** foreign investment, the european energy charter, russias energy policy, . Third, the Russian State openly favours Gazprom and seldom hesitates to use its Mar 23, 2013 But since it is majority-owned by the Russian state, it pursues He used Gazprom as a tool of foreign policy, for example by cutting off gas . The International Energy Agency, a rich-world energy club, reckons Russias gas **Energy in Russias foreign policy Kari Liuhio** Buy Gazprom and the Russian State (Russian Foreign Energy Policy own push to gain control over an increasing share of Russias energy complex overall. **Russian-Ukrainian-EU gas conflict: who stands to lose most? - Nato** Explanations of Russias foreign energy policy typically focus on major events, such as the .. Russian state had little control over Gazprom or the key oil **Is Europe Caving to Russia on Pipeline Politics? Foreign Policy** Keywords: Energy Policies, Russian Foreign Policy, Oil, Natural Gas .. example, Russias official documents state that the main target of the energy policy is the natural gas production, Gazprom continues its domination as a state-backed. **Gazprom: Russias wounded giant - The Economist** Sergey Lavrov, Russian Foreign Minister I. Introduction Contemporary western and Gazproms foreign energy policy, in relation to the European states, cast a **Gazprom and Russia: The economic rationality of Russian foreign** Triangle on Russias Energy Policy. Pavel Baev. March 2014 . flexible triangle formed by the government and two super-large state companiesGazprom and. **Russias foreign energy policy: norms, ideas and driving dynamics** May 10, 2017 A controversial Russian energy project in Europe has so far weathered a Poland, and the Baltic states, worry the project will simply redouble Moscows Gazprom, the Russian gas giant, says the projects aims are purely **The Russian Federation - Brookings Institution** Nov 30, 2010 Explanations of Russias foreign energy policy typically focus on major During the 1990s, the Russian state had little control over Gazprom or **The Past, Present and Future of Russian Energy Strategy - Stratfor** Apr 26, 2017 A divisive Russian energy project dripping with geopolitical tension reached a Russias state-owned gas giant Gazprom would pay for the **Russia: Gazprom and the Russian State (Russian Foreign Energy** Dec 8, 2015 7 Russian Energy Relations with Germany and the EU under Revision 10 Gazprom, Rosneft & Co. and Russias network state capitalism. 12 Western . tive spillover effects on foreign and security relations. The two partners **A limited toolbox: Explaining the constraints on Russias foreign** is Russia. The energy sector is a key aspect of Russian foreign policy and a strategic pillar of its policy towards State companies-giants Gazprom,. Rosneft and **The Use of Energy Resources as Foreign Policy Tools: The Russian** Ukraine considers this new tariff - Russias highest gas price in Europe - as to sacrifice common EU energy policies and Ukraines energy security on the asset and economic pillar of its domestic stability and foreign policy leverage. Even the Baltic states, which are still up to 100 per cent dependent on Gazproms gas **RUSSIAN ENERGY POLICY AND THE ART OF GEOECONOMICS** Mar 2, 2016 Russian energy policy is a powerful policy tool, but the Kremlin may have solid fuels and 40pc of European natural gas Russias foreign policy is beholden to With an overall stake of 50 per cent in Gazprom, the state gas **Gazprom and the Russian State (Russian Foreign Energy Policy** **The Political and Commercial Dynamics of Russias Gas Export** Sep 1, 2015 base and the central role played by Gazprom, its state-owned gas for Russian gas pipeline imports and, following the Russia-Ukraine collapse in oil prices from late 2014 has crimped Gazproms the company, as well as its implicit control over gas revenues, as a foreign and domestic policy tool.